

A Study of Romans

Month 8: Romans Chapter 8 The Law of the Spirit and the Love of God



Overview

In Romans chapter 8, Paul moves on from struggling with the law and servitude to sin towards those attributes that save Christians from law and sin, and represents the promise of God's final and lasting victory over sin. The chapter focuses on 3 concepts: the divine work of the Spirit, the divine gift of sonship (being a child of God), and the divine purpose of suffering each in relation to the practical realities of Christian living. Paul explains that the great triumph of the Christian faith is total deliverance from condemnation. Many theologians believe that Romans Chapter 8 is one of the most majestic passages of scripture because of its affirmations of God's power and its insight into the struggles of the Christian life.

1. The Flesh and the Spirit (8:1-13)

- 1 Therefore, there is now no condemnation for those who are in Christ Jesus,
- 2 because through Christ Jesus the law of the Spirit who gives life has set you a free from the law of sin and death.
- For what the law was powerless to do because it was weakened by the flesh, God did by sending his own Son in the likeness of sinful flesh to be a sin offering. And so he condemned sin in the flesh,
- 4 in order that the righteous requirement of the law might be fully met in us, who do not live according to the flesh but according to the Spirit.
- Those who live according to the flesh have their minds set on what the flesh desires; but those who live in accordance with the Spirit have their minds set on what the Spirit desires.
- 6 The mind governed by the flesh is death, but the mind governed by the Spirit is life and peace.
- 7 The mind governed by the flesh is hostile to God; it does not submit to God's law, nor can it do so.
- 8 Those who are in the realm of the flesh cannot please God.
- You, however, are not in the realm of the flesh but are in the realm of the Spirit, if indeed the Spirit of God lives in you. And if anyone does not have the Spirit of Christ, they do not belong to Christ.
- 10 But if Christ is in you, then even though your body is subject to death because of sin, the Spirit gives life because of righteousness.
- And if the Spirit of him who raised Jesus from the dead is living in you, he who raised Christ from the dead will also give life to your mortal bodies because of his Spirit who lives in you.
- 12 Therefore, brothers and sisters, we have an obligation—but it is not to the flesh, to live according to it.
- 13 For if you live according to the flesh, you will die; but if by the Spirit you put to death the misdeeds of the body, you will live.

Key Points:

- There is no condemnation to true believers because Christ sets us free from the law of sin and death.
- Those who live in accordance to the Spirit draw strength from their mindful living for God.
- With God's Spirit living in you, just as He raised Christ from the dead, will also give life to your mortal bodies.

Questions:

- 1. What is meant by "what the law was powerless to do because it was weakened by the flesh"?
- 2. What does it mean that our mind's focus is essential to becoming the people that God created us to be?
- 3. Why do we "have an obligation" to live according to the Spirit within us?

2. Children of God by Adoption (8:14-17)

- 14 For those who are led by the Spirit of God are the children of God.
- 15 The Spirit you received does not make you slaves, so that you live in fear again; rather, the Spirit you received brought about your adoption to sonship. And by him we cry, "Abba, Father."
- 16 The Spirit himself testifies with our spirit that we are God's children.
- 17 Now if we are children, then we are heirs—heirs of God and co-heirs with Christ, if indeed we share in his sufferings in order that we may also share in his glory.

Key Points:

- Belief in the gospel produces a spirit of adoption.
- With the Spirit, you are not a slave living in fear, but you are in love with your Father.
- As God's children and heirs, we share in Christ's suffering and inheritance.

Questions:

- 1. Since we have an obligation to live according to the Spirit (Romans 8:12), how does this conduct fit into the understanding that we are the children of God?
- 2. Why does the Spirit you received not make you a slave, so that you live in fear again?
- 3. What does it mean to be "co-heirs" with Christ to share in His sufferings and His glory?

3. Revelation and Redemption of the Children of God (8:18-27)

- 18 I consider that our present sufferings are not worth comparing with the glory that will be revealed in us.
- 19 For the creation waits in eager expectation for the children of God to be revealed.
- 20 For the creation was subjected to frustration, not by its own choice, but by the will of the one who subjected it, in hope
- that the creation itself will be liberated from its bondage to decay and brought into the freedom and glory of the children of God.
- We know that the whole creation has been groaning as in the pains of childbirth right up to the present time.
- Not only so, but we ourselves, who have the firstfruits of the Spirit, groan inwardly as we wait eagerly for our adoption to sonship, the redemption of our bodies.
- 24 For in this hope we were saved. But hope that is seen is no hope at all. Who hopes for what they already have?
- 25 But if we hope for what we do not yet have, we wait for it patiently.
- In the same way, the Spirit helps us in our weakness. We do not know what we ought to pray for, but the Spirit himself intercedes for us through wordless groans.
- And he who searches our hearts knows the mind of the Spirit, because the Spirit intercedes for God's people in accordance with the will of God.

Key Points:

- The sufferings of this present time are as nothing compared to the blessings that await us beyond this life.
- Man's suffering is the outcome of creation being obstructed in achieving the purposes for which it was made.
- Our prayers while suffering are heard by God who comes to the aid of our weakness in accordance to the will of God.

Questions:

- 1. Why does Paul say (Romans 8:20) that God's will created a world of frustration?
- 2. Why does Paul compare man's suffering from creation to the present time to the pain of childbirth?
- 3. Paul writes that God comes to the aid of our weakness, but why does he add to this statement "in accordance to the will of God"?

4. More than Conquerors in Christ (8:28-30)

- 28 And we know that in all things God works for the good of those who love him, who have been called according to his purpose.
- 29 For those God foreknew he also predestined to be conformed to the image of his Son, that he might be the firstborn among many brothers and sisters.
- 30 And those he predestined, he also called; those he called, he also justified; those he justified, he also glorified.
- 31 What, then, shall we say in response to these things? If God is for us, who can be against us?
- 32 He who did not spare his own Son, but gave him up for us all—how will he not also, along with him, graciously give us all things?
- 33 Who will bring any charge against those whom God has chosen? It is God who justifies.
- 34 Who then is the one who condemns? No one. Christ Jesus who died—more than that, who was raised to life—is at the right hand of God and is also interceding for us.
- 35 Who shall separate us from the love of Christ? Shall trouble or hardship or persecution or famine or nakedness or danger or sword?
- 36 As it is written:

"For your sake we face death all day long; we are considered as sheep to be slaughtered."

- 37 No, in all these things we are more than conquerors through him who loved us.
- 38 For I am convinced that neither death nor life, neither angels nor demons, neither the present nor the future, nor any powers,
- 39 neither height nor depth, nor anything else in all creation, will be able to separate us from the love of God that is in Christ Jesus our Lord.

Key Points:

- We have been predestined to be conformed to the image of the risen Christ.
- · Paul quotes from Psalms to explain suffering.
- God has promised that there is no "created thing" that will be able to separate us from His love.

Questions:

- 1. Do you see the comparison of Paul's writing in Romans 8:24 that "Christ is at the right hand of God and is also interceding for us" and John's writing about Christ in 1 John 2:1?
- 2. What is the point Paul makes by quoting Psalm 44:22? ("For your sake we face death all day long; we are considered as sheep to be slaughtered.")

----- END OF LESSON -----

NEXT WEEK - read Romans 9: 1- 33 (God's Faithfulness to Israel)

Covering: God's Gift to Israel; God's Purpose in History; The Freedom to Show Mercy; The Potter and the Clay; The Stone in Zion